

## CTSA Program Steering Committee

May 22, 2023

2:30 - 3:30 ET





## **Agenda May 22, 2022**

Time	Topic	Speaker(s)
2:30 – 2:35	Welcome Follow-up on EHR/RWD discussion*	Michael Kurilla, Duane Mitchell & Joni Rutter
2:35 – 2:55	Pod Feedback	Erica Rosemond
2:55 – 3:30	Crowd Sourced Agenda Topic: SDoH Report Out	Melissa Haendel & Anita Walden



# Implementing a Vision for Data-Driven Clinical Research: A CTSA Enterprise

#### Opportunity:

- To build a clinical research data and Human+AI structure that will enable researchers to gain insights, information, and analytics to improve patient and public health.
  - Support clinical decision-making
  - Enhance the design and operations of clinical trials
  - Enable more definitive clinical trials
  - Honing the generation and impact of RWD/RWE
  - Expand community engagement opportunities
  - Drive needed scientific insights for better healthcare
  - Provide the CTSAs an edge for training savvy next gen scientists on RWD and Human+AI
  - Enable consent platform at scale

#### Call for the creation of a Steering Committee Task Force

Members: Arleen Brown, Muredach Reilly, Melissa Haendel, Steve Reis, Karen Johnston, Tesheia Johnson







## Pod Feedback

Erica Rosemond



Date Received: March 2, 2023

Pod Lead: Karen Johnston, University of Virginia

Pod Membership: New York School of Medicine, Yale, Georgetown, VCU, UMass

#### **Pod Meeting Summary Report:**

1. Discussed "crowd source" topic requests to be shared with the Steering Committee. Pod members to bring ideas to our next meeting.

- 2. Discussed update on spring ACTS meeting including the UL1 in-person PI networking meeting.
- Early planning for fall 2023 CTSA meeting shared potential dates as presented to SC.
   CCOS leadership (Kerry James and Stephan Bour) attended meeting for brief update about the CCOS transition.
- 4. Discussed website transition. Pod members expressed desire to see website mock-ups and Stephan offered to send working version after NCATS meeting this week. CCOS explained that there will be public website and private portal for CTSA hubs. Login information still in development this is area of concern for the pod members.

#### **Question:**

What is the process for transitioning a completed Working Group to an Enterprise Committee or other permanently supported team for the network?



Date Received: April 25, 2023

Pod Lead: Karen Johnston, University of Virginia

Pod Membership: New York School of Medicine, Yale, Georgetown, VCU, UMass

#### **Summary Report:**

East Coast pod hosted the N3C leadership team for updates and discussion. N3C gave a brief overview of N3C platform and commonly asked questions. Discussion included requests for information about projects and participants at each site and how to access the site scorecard. One important message was how the team science approach is required to optimally utilize the N3C platform. Numerous people gave examples of the roles required to use the resource (example clinician champion, data scientist, data technician, etc). One suggestion was to host webinars to share the lifecycle of N3C specific projects (tell the stories) to help users understand the team science approach which maximizes success. Pod members shared that participation in N3C continues to require site resources (varying levels) for mapping not only the primary hospitals but also growing community hospitals, FQHCs, and additional hospitals which may become part of the primary site network. Group discussed need for a funding source for sustainability of site efforts (possibly NCATS funding, NIH Common Fund, and /or other foundation/federal resources). Finally, we discussed how we might bring skills/resources related to large datasets to our trainees across the consortium (K and T Scholars).



Date Received: March 16, 2023

Pod Lead: Randy Urban, UTMB Health

Pod Membership: Michigan, Emory, Miami, University of Kansas, University of Arkansas

#### **Steering Committee Meeting Summaries**

Slides were distributed with Pod Meeting Agenda email. Items presented included Clinical Trials Management Ecosystem Maturity Model, the N3C and the National Clinical Cohort Collaborative pilot expansion beyond COVID. Pod discussed challenges of balancing roles among informatics team to support national initiatives as well as local research and service needs. Similarly, how will NCATS funding be balanced for centralized functions vs hub-specific functions.

Some users find centralized data resources challenging to use.

#### **Pod Presentations**

Topic ideas were collected from the hubs (see below).
 The Georgia CTSA volunteered to present on their regional conference in May. Other topics/dates were tentative. The UTMB Galveston hub will send out a signup form so there will be a schedule and hubs can invite members who are relevant to particular discussions.
 Another option is for hubs to use their presentation time to discuss a challenge.

#### **Open Discussion**

- Challenges of responding to NCATS or NIH queries with short deadlines (sometimes 48 hours). Conversely, long waiting periods for prior approval requests.
- Hubs discussed experiences with recent or planned External Advisory Committee meetings, including different approaches to presentation length and number, EAC breakout groups tasked with addressing specific issues, use of scribes during meeting to provide notes to EAC.

#### **Updates from Pod Members**

- Michigan New award cycle started yesterday, team is already launching several efforts including large Clinical and Translational Science project (Element E). Needed to provide education on Clinical and Translational Science to potential pilot applicants. o Discussion around cultural shift at hub institutions as the hubs move from Clinical and Translational Research support to Clinical and Translational Science. Also, challenges among researchers who typically use pilot funds to generate pilot data for an R01 or other NIH application-- Clinical and Translational Science projects don't lend themselves to this
- Miami Received a good score on renewal application, likely to be funded. Starting the strategize about transitioning to new FOA structure.
- Georgia/Emory EAC meeting is tomorrow. Hub is also reformatting their leadership council meeting. RPPR coming up soon.
- Kansas Recently had their EAC, and just completed a research symposium. Scheduled two events together so EAC members could present at the symposium. Also working on RPPR. Have started to educate institution on need to shift from cores and functions to structure of new FOA.
- Galveston Continuing to work with partners and planning out the proposal for the new FOA. Finding ways to balance diverse needs of different partners which include undergraduate schools and a large private healthcare system. Undergraduate campuses may not be able to have K12 Scholars, but their participation is important to increase diversity of translational workforce.





Date Received: March 16, 2023

Pod Lead: Randy Urban, UTMB Health

Pod Membership: Michigan, Emory, Miami, University of Kansas, University of Arkansas

### **Crowdsourced Hub Presentation Topics for Future Pod Meetings**

- Strengths and weaknesses in reviews for recent grant applications (U, K, T, R, etc)
- Successes and barriers to clinical trials improvements
- Feedback on the DEIA framework and next steps
- Fostering cross CTSA collaborations
- What is the role for informatics in the new CTSA world?
- How do other hubs structure CQI reporting internally, and what systems are they using to track performance improvement?
- How are other hubs disseminating evidence of their own performance improvement?
- What specific CTS topics are we likely to see our colleagues working to show they are driving improvement in?
- How do you construct your EAB/EAC and meetings? (Crowd Sourced Topic 7/24)
- Pilots and CTR vs CTS



Date Received: April 28, 2023

Pod Lead: Muredach Reilly, Columbia

Pod Membership: Harvard, Einstein, Wash U, Rochester, Children's

#### **Summary Report: Notes:**

Pod notes plan meetings in Nov 2023 and Spring 2024

- We welcomed Mike Bell (Washington National) and did a round of introductions
- Mimi Kim and Marla Keller led the CTSA PI meeting
- The Pod noted dates for the fall meeting 2023 and the spring 2024 meeting as well as discussion on CCOS transitions

#### **Idea Sharing Feedback:**

- Discussed and will reflect upon CTSA PI meeting with NCATS and Joni Rutter on 4/20, 3 major topics EHR utilization, clinicaltrials.gov, multisite studies
- Discussed Dr. Rutter's nascent vision for NCATS/CTSA Program informatics strategies/goals. The pod discussed the need to improve phenotypes at local levels, eg use of computable phenotypes, and enhanced

training for teams of investigators to use such real world data sets

- Suggestion for NCATS funding mechanisms (eg CCIA) for specific collaborative projects using real world data
- Discussed the list the CTSA SC is prioritizing for consideration for CTSA consortium work. Our Pod strongly encourages emphasis on physician-scientist/clinician scientist pipelines





## Crowd Sourced Agenda Topic: SDoH Report Out

Melissa Haendel & Anita Walden







# Social Determinants of Health Assets within the National COVID Cohort Collaborative (N3C)

**CTSA Steering Committee** 

5.22.23





## The Impact of Social Determinants of Health



#### ACHIEVING HEALTH & MENTAL HEALTH EQUITY AT EVERY LEVEL





## Measures of Social Determinants of Health (SDOH)



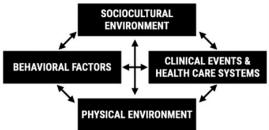
#### INDIVIDUAL 🚨

#### COMMUNITY ATA

### SYSTEMS III

#### **BEHAVIORAL FACTORS**

- Tobacco use
- Diet and nutrition
- Preventive health behaviors
- Unprotected sexual intercourse
- Domestic/Family violence
- Physical activity
- Substance use, abuse, misuse, and addiction
- Compliance and adherence with prescribed therapy
- Delays in seeking care after symptom awareness
- Living responsibly with infectious disease
- Hygiene/Oral hygiene
- Cultural beliefs/Schemas
- Religious beliefs/Schemas



#### SOCIOCULTURAL ENVIRONMENT

- Employment status and security
- Income
- Housing and food security
- Health insurance status (affordability/quality)
- Social and economic adversity and/or inequality
- Immigration and legal status
- Geographic location
- Residential segregation
- Educational attainment
- Access to quality education
- Transportation options
- Limited English proficiency
- Health literacy/numeracy
- Discrimination, racism, and stigma
- Health socialization and education
- Psychosocial stressors
- Historical trauma
- Social safety net
- Community reentry (e.g., prison, military service)

#### PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

- Housing status
- Neighborhood violence
- Unhealthy housing units
- Residence crowding
- Exposure to toxic substances (e.g. pollution, radiation, lead, mold, dust mites)
- Aesthetic elements (e.g., trees)
- Access to safe recreational facilities
- Quality of air and water
- Concentration of fast-food outlets & access to fullservice grocery stores
- Public safety (e.g., fire dept., police)
- Occupational conditions and/or hazards
- Affordability of resources

#### **CLINICAL EVENTS & HEALTH CARE SYSTEMS**

- · Patient-clinician communication
- Health insurance coverage/policies
- Access to preventive services and/or quality health care
- Disease management & functioning status
- Symptom and pain management
- Drug interactions and synergies
- Use of alternative therapies
- · Appropriate diagnostics
- Access to emerging technologies
- Access to public health education, information, and health alerts
- Precision medicine
- Generalizability of research findings
- Translation of research
- Dissemination & diffusion of research results
- Macro-structural stressors (e.g., policies and procedures)
- Incorporation of spiritual and/or traditional healers
- Institutional discrimination in health care
- Health care system mistrust
- Culturally competent care
- Workforce diversity
- Electronic medical records
- Palliative and end-of-life care
- Living with chronic illness and/or comorbid conditions
- Long-term care
- Access to health information/consent in primary language
- Policies & political practices
- Diversity of biomedical/health delivery workforce

Measuring SDoH requires integration of individual, population, and system levels



### **SDoH Domain team and resources in N3C**





Charisse Madlock-Brown, PhD, MLS
University of Tennessee Health Science Center



DESIGN
Define
Logically
Encode

N3C Logic
Liaison SDoH
Templates

PUBLISH



Adam Wilcox, PhD University of Washington

## DATA DISCOVERY ENGINE



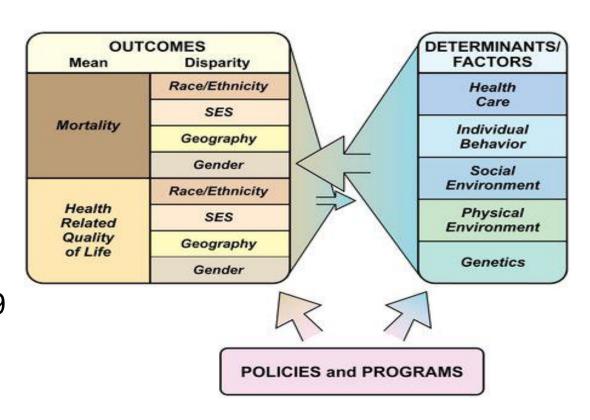


### **SDoH N3C Domain Team Activities**



#### **Domain teamwork:**

- Community level COVID-19 outcomes related to community-level SDoH
- Data engineering Efforts to improve patient-level SDoH integration
- How disadvantaged groups are disproportionately affected by COVID-19
- SDoH in the time of COVID



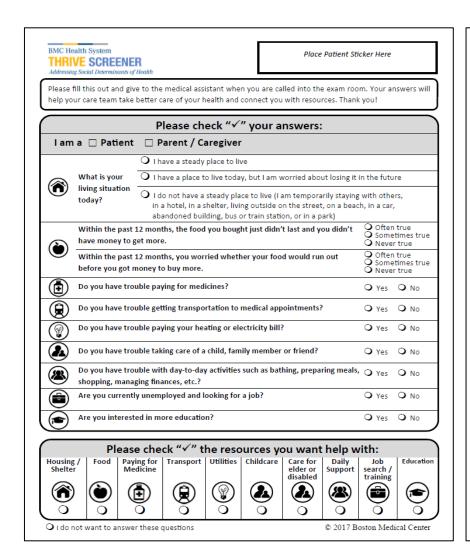
The N3C dataset and Enclave has provided a unique opportunity to study and improve data infrastructure for SDoH

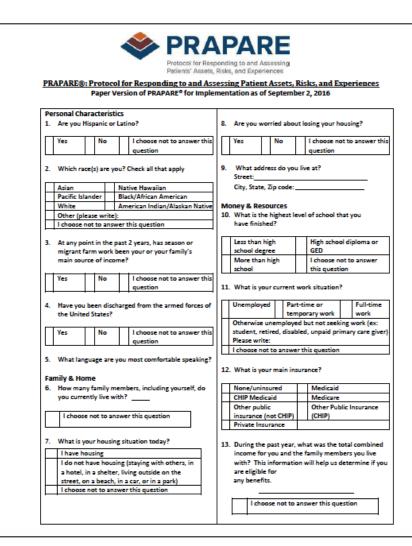


# Modifying Screening Tools for Improved Response Rates



- Controlled vocabulary availability
- Semantic representation
- Database mapping
- Harmonized transformations
- Data collection completeness

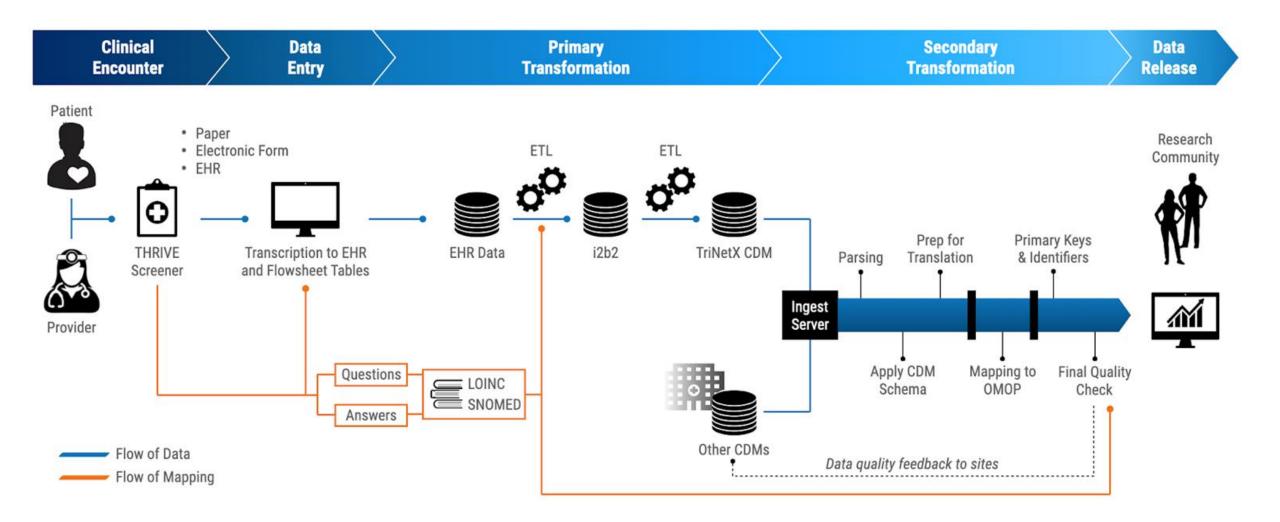






## **Incorporating SDoH into the N3C**





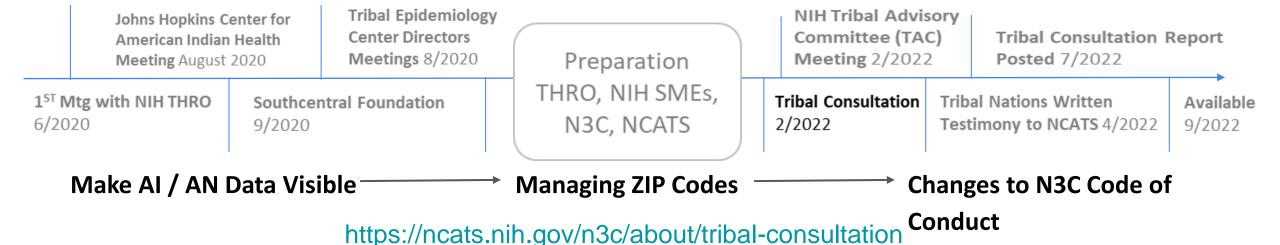


# American Indian and Alaska Native Data Management



- Coordination with the NIH Tribal Council over ~18 months and based on their input, data availability for this
  cohort has grown over time in N3C.
- Conservative measures were initially put in place to protect identification of this sensitive population; As of September 2022, Al/AN race data is available for over 100K Al/AN patients
- Similarly, ZIP codes representing rural populations predominantly with AI/AN-identifying individuals were
  initially removed all together, but now are provided limited to the first three digits.
- These changes were only made based on decisions made after tribal consultation

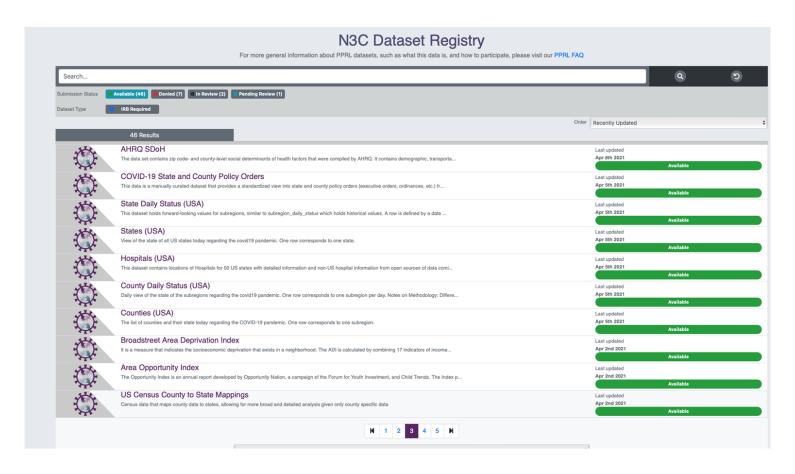
### American Indian/Alaska Native Tribal Consultation timeline





## Data Integrations within the N3C





https://discovery.biothings.io/dataset?guide=/guide/n3c/dataset

➤ SDoH relevant datasets integrated into N3C:

61 External Datasets have been added to the Enclave

➤ SDoH Data Enhancements submitted by sites:

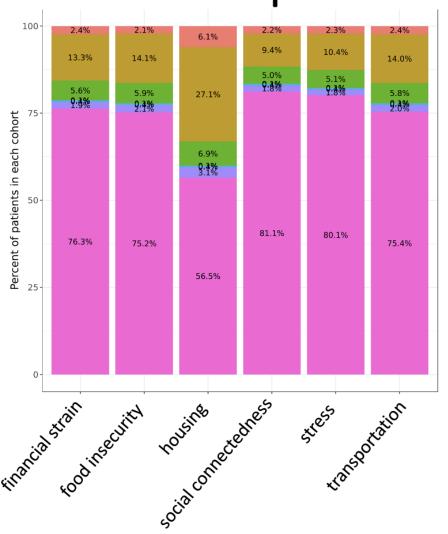
financial food social stress housing transportation



## Making Patient-level SDoH Research Ready







#### **Data quality efforts:**

- Each question has between <1% and 8% answers missing
- Identifying bias in who is asked an SDoH question

#### **Transforming the data for research:**

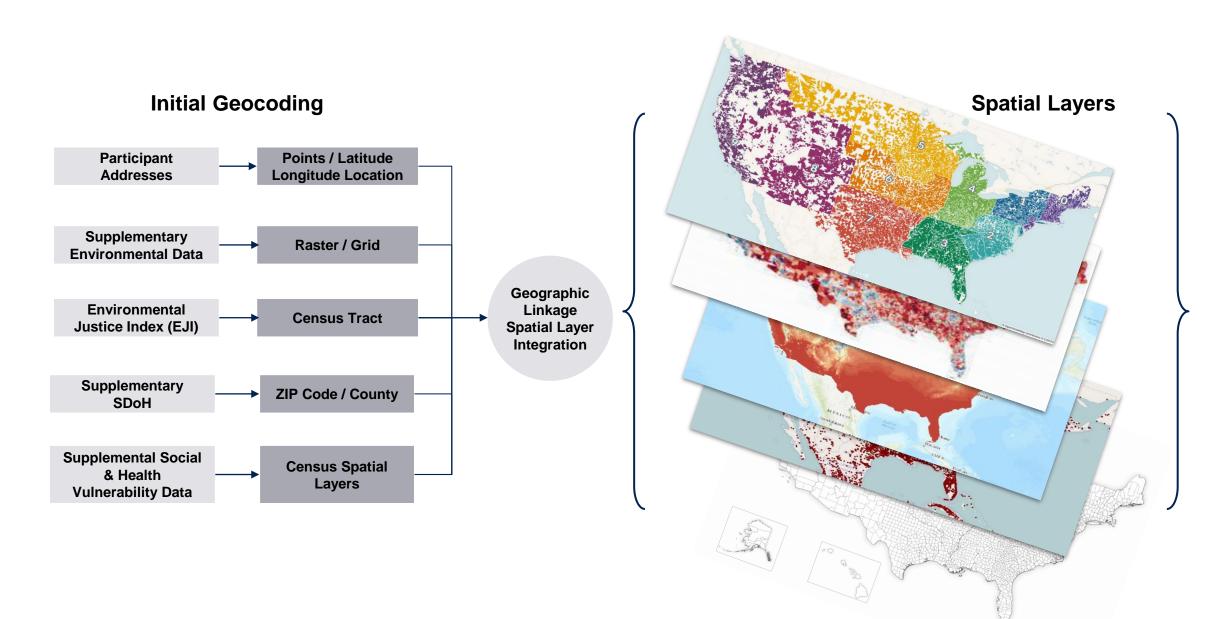
- Mapping variables to Health People 2030 and SIREN to align with standard categories
- Categorizing responses to identify the presence of a risk, need, or instability

- Asian Non-Hispanic Black or African American Non-Hispanic Hispanic or Latino Any Race Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander Non-Hispanic Other Non-Hispanic
- Unknown
- White Non-Hispanic



## Geographically linking SDoH geocoded data







## Improving SEDoH data Centrally for Both Hub and Network Use



Data Domains	Vulnerable Populations	Population Characteristics	Health Status	Resource Deprivation	Access to Health Care	Essential Workers	Traveling Behavior	COVID-19 Policies
Variables	Percent Black Percent Over 65 Percent Foreign Born	<ul> <li>Density</li> <li>Percent Adults with College Degree</li> <li>RUCC</li> <li>Black/White Segregation Score</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Percent Who Smoke</li> <li>Percent in fair or poor health</li> <li>Percent Obese</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>SDI score</li> <li>Unemployment Rate</li> <li>Poverty Rate</li> <li>Percent Low Food Access</li> <li>Percent Public Assistance</li> </ul>	Percent Without Health Insurance     MDs per 1000	Percent 1a Percent 1b Percent 1c	<ul> <li>Mean Commute Time</li> <li>Prior Seven Day Median Time Home</li> <li>Percent who walk</li> <li>Percent Using Public Transit</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Had Policy in Place at Start</li> <li>Days Since Pandemic Start</li> <li>Days Sheltering in Place at Start</li> <li>Percent Tested</li> </ul>
SDoH Domains	<b>(11) (5) (2) (2) (3) (3) (3) (4)</b>	(m) (\$)	<b>+ 5</b>	\$ 1	<b>(1)</b> (5)	<b>(11)</b> (5)	<b>(11)</b> (5)	<b>***</b>
SEM Levels								



# Variability in Reporting of Race/Ethnicity Patient Data in the N3C





electronic health record; H/L:
Hispanic/Latino; N3C:
National COVID Cohort
Collaborative

Refused (107,445)

Multiracial (98,982)

Nonconforming Data (1,345,495)

Incorrectly mapped (42,617)

More granular (2477)

Multiracial (98,982)

Black or African American (19,415)

H/L ethnicity in race field (11,728)

White (6557)

Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander (3067)

Asian (1850)

Uninterpretable (2268)

% Hispanic or Latino:
(a) All Nonconforming data

(b) Missing (c) Other

(d) Refused

(e) Multiracial (f) Incorrectly mapped

(g) More granular

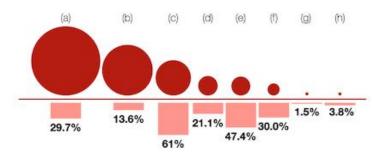
(h) Uninterpretable

### Cook et al:

https://doi.org/10.2196/39235



Black or African American (963,676)

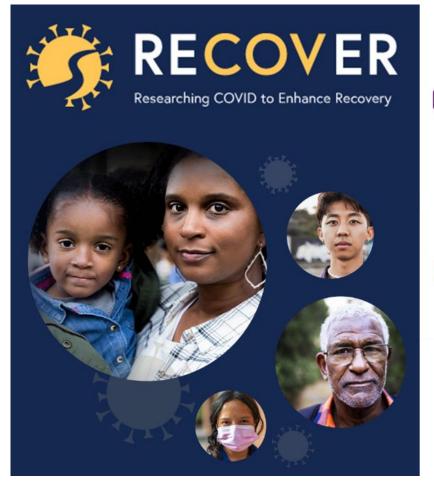


N3C has afforded a unique opportunity to evaluate variability in SDoH data: its messy and we can all work together to improve!



## **SDoH in PASC RECOVER: EHR COHORT**







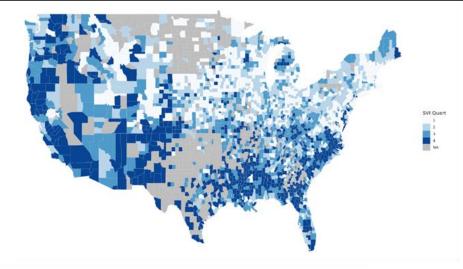


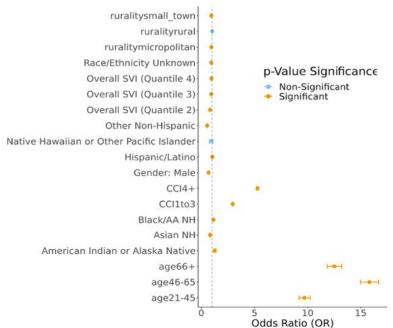


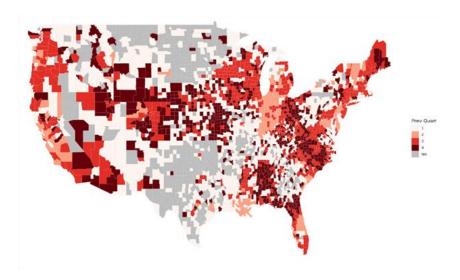


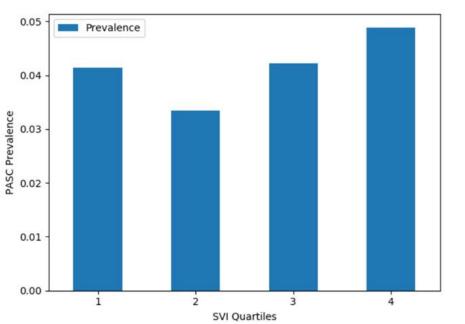
## **RECOVER Query: PASC and Social Vulnerability Index**







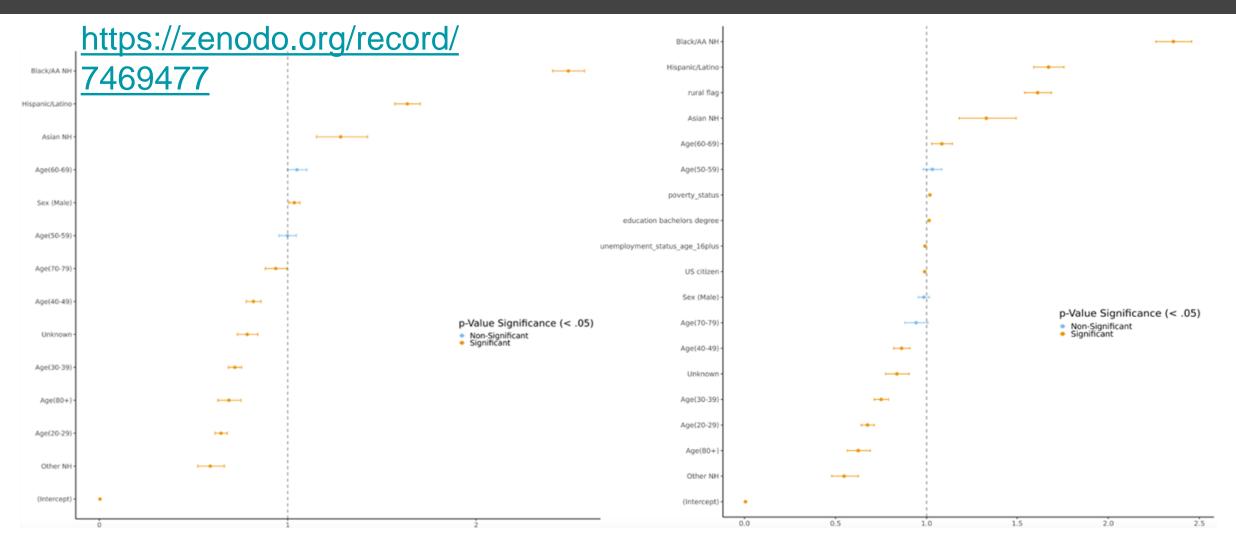






# Senator Kaine's RECOVER Query: New Economic Instability





Black/African American and Hispanic or Latino race/ethnicity values patients had consistently high odds ratio for new Economic Instability post-COVID. Controlling for area-level SDoH features did not reduce these apparent racial disparities.



## iTHRIV CTSA: Example N3C Equity Projects and SDoH



Using Machine Learning to Predict Racial and Ethnic Disparities in the Development of Myocardial Infarction and Pulmonary Thromboembolic Disease Post Acute COVID-19 Infection

**Stroke and COVID Population: A Health Equity Analysis** 

Racial and Ethnic Disparities in COVID-19
Hospitalizations and Treatment Allocation—Analysis
of the N3C Database

Investigating the Impact of Temporal Labeling of Emergency Department Visits for COVID-19: Comparing Healthcare Disparities Analyses Using Comprehensive, Single-Site Data with National COVID Cohort Collaborative (N3C) Data

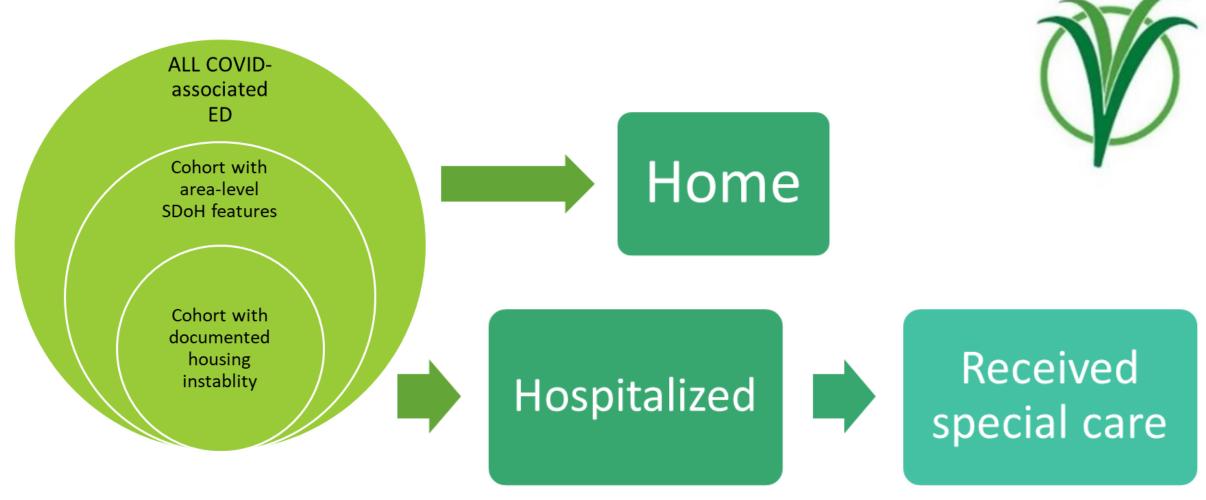


Dr. Ebony Hilton



## **SDoH and Racial Equity in Clinical Decision Making**



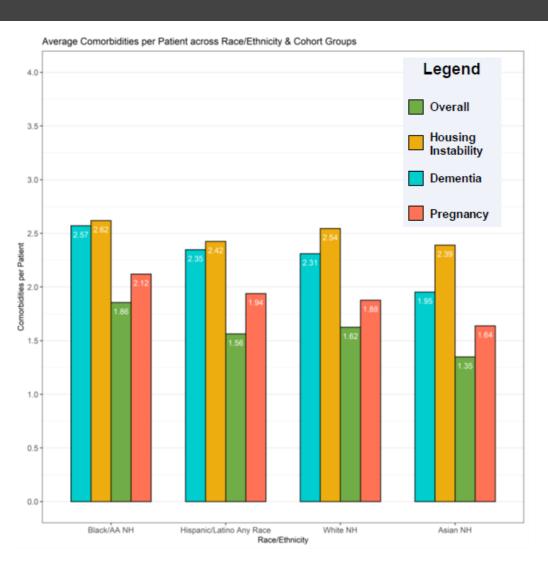


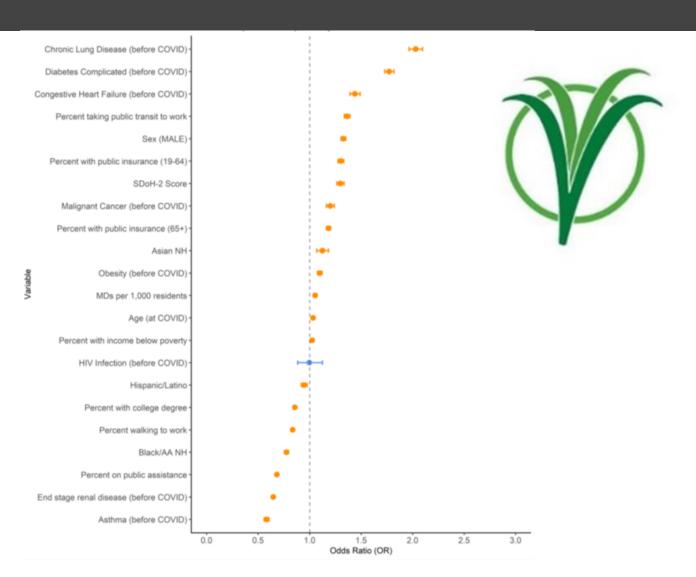
This study sought to examine racial and ethnic disparities around hospitalization decisions in the ED and inpatient treatment allocation. Features were added at the area code level. A sub-analysis was done on the subset of patients with documented housing instability.



## **SDoH and Racial Equity in Clinical Decision Making**







Racial and Ethnic disparities were evident in the analyses, with Black/African American patients having lower odds of hospitalization from the ED when controlling for comorbidities. This is despite the higher number of comorbidities charted for this demographic.



# SDoH Research in Health Informatics: Growing the Workforce





The data and tools available in N3C have impacted many students already and enabled them to learn and contribute to the important and quickly evolving practices around incorporating SDoH features into research questions asked of observational health records.



## **Map SDoH Survey Instruments**



## If you intend to map SDoH Survey Instruments...

### You might want to ask following maturity questions:

- 1. Does your site currently build in standard screening tools into your EHR? e.g.
  - a. PRAPARE
  - b. AHC-Tools
  - c. BMC-THRIVE
  - d. Comprehensive Universal Behavior Health Screen (CUBS)
  - e. Food Security Survey (FSS)
  - f. Hunger Vital Signs (HVS)
  - g. WellRx
  - h. Epic SDoH Module
- 2. Have you already mapped the questions and answers to controlled vocabulary?
- 3. Do you have a process to transform this information into your CDM?

Link up with the N3C SDoH domain team [https://covid.cd2h.org/domain-teams]

## Thank you!









n Initiative Funded by the National Institutes of Health

## The National COVID Cohort Collaborative (N3C): Rationale, Design, Infrastructure, and Deployment

Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association, ocaa196,

https://doi.org/10.1093/jamia/ocaa196

Published: 17 August 2020 Article history ▼

bit.ly/n3c-methodsjamia



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¹CREDIT\_00000001 (Conceptualization) ⁴CREDIT\_00000004 (Funding acquisition) ¹CRO\_0000007 (Marketing and Communications) 8CREDIT\_00000008 (Resources) 9CREDIT\_00000009 (Software role) ¹0CREDIT\_00000010 (Supervision role) ¹3CREDIT\_00000013 (Original draft) ¹4CREDIT\_00000014 (Review and editing) ¹5CRO\_0000015 (Data role) ⁵2CRO\_0000052 (Standards role) ¹8CRO\_0000078 (Infrastructure role) ¹0Clinical Use Cases ¹0¹Governance

Open science and team science at an unprecedented scale in clinical informatics!



### **Articles**



- Madlock-Brown et al. (2022) "Clinical, social, and policy factors in COVID-19 cases and deaths: methodological considerations for feature selection and modeling in county-level analyses"
- Phuong et al., (2022) "Social Determinants of Health Factors for Gene–Environment COVID-19 Research: Challenges and Opportunities"
- Phuong et al., (2022) "<u>Advancing Interoperability of Patient-level Social Determinants of Health Data to Support COVID-19 Research</u>"
- Pfaff, E., Madlock-Brown, C. R., Baratta, J. M., Bhatia, A., Davis, H., Girvin, A., Hill, E., Kelly, L., Kostka, K., Loomba, J., McMurry, J., Wong, R., Bennet, T., Moffitt, R., Chute, C., Haendel, M., T. N. C., T. R. C. Coding Long COVID: Characterizing a new disease through an ICD-10 lens. BMC Medicine 21 (1), 1-13, 2023.
- Hill, E., Mehta, H., Sharma, S., Mane, K., Xie, C., Cathey, E., Loomba, J., Russell, S., Spratt, H., DeWitt, P. E., Ammar, N., Madlock-Brown, C., Brown, D., McMurry, J. A., Chute, C. G., Haendel, M. A., Moffitt, R., Pfaff, E. R., Bennett, T. D., ... Consortium, the R. (2022). Risk Factors Associated with Post-Acute Sequelae of SARS-CoV-2 in an EHR Cohort: A National COVID Cohort Collaborative (N3C) Analysis as part of the NIH RECOVER program (p. 2022.08.15.22278603). Preprint.



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- Johanna Loomba, & Suchetha Sharma. (2022). New Economic Instability Post-COVID-19 Infection: A Year
   1 Quarter 4 PASC RECOVER EHR-Based Query Report from N3C (21Dec2022). Zenodo.
   https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.7469477
- E. Cathey et al., "Using Machine Learning to Predict Development of Heart Failure, during Post-Acute COVID-19, by Race and Ethnicity," 2022 Systems and Information Engineering Design Symposium (SIEDS), Charlottesville, VA, USA, 2022, pp. 276-281, doi: 10.1109/SIEDS55548.2022.9799382.
- E. Assefa, S. Scott-Dixon, D. Hanson, T. Musa, S. Sharma, C. Madlock-Brown, J. Phuong, J. Loomba, and D. Brown, "Racial/ethnic disparities in covid treatment/hospitalization: Social determinants & special populations," Dec 2022. [Online]. Available: <a href="https://doi.org/10.18130/mv6g-pg57">https://doi.org/10.18130/mv6g-pg57</a>
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## **Next Steering Committee Meeting:**

June 12, 2:30-3:30 PM ET

